

Kinetics and equilibrium studies of copper, zinc, and nickel ions adsorptive removal on to *Archontophoenix alexandrae*: conditions optimization by RSM

Raseed A. Khera^a, Munawar Iqbal^{b,*}, Aftab Ahmad^c, Syeda M. Hassan^d, Arif Nazir^b, Abida Kausar^e, Heri S. Kusuma^f, Jan Niasr^g, Nasir Masood^{h,*}, Umer Younas^b, Rab Nawazⁱ, Muhammad I. Khan^j

^aDepartment of Chemistry, University of Agriculture, Faisalabad 38040, Pakistan, email: chem.edu.pk@outlook.com (R.A. Khera)

^bDepartment of Chemistry, The University of Lahore, Lahore, Pakistan, emails: munawar.iqbal@chem.uol.edu.pk (M. Iqbal), anmalik77@gmail.com (A. Nazir), umer0608analyst@gmail.com (U. Younas)

^cDepartment of Biochemistry/Centre for Advanced Studies in Agriculture and Food Security (USPCASAFS), University of Agriculture, Faisalabad, Pakistan, email: ahmadaftab1862@hotmail.com (A. Ahmad)

^dDepartment of Chemistry, Lahore Garrison University, Lahore, Pakistan, email: monahassan185@gmail.com (S.M. Hassan)

^eDepartment of Chemistry, Government College Women University Faisalabad, Faisalabad, Pakistan, email: abida.kausar@hotmail.com (A. Kausar)

^fAnalytical Chemistry Research Group, Department of Chemical Education, Faculty of Education and Teachers Training, University of Nusa Cendana, Kupang 85001, Nusa Tenggara Timur, Indonesia, email: heriseptyakusuma@gmail.com (H.S. Kusuma)

^gNational Center of Excellence in Physical Chemistry, University of Peshawar, Peshawar 25120, Pakistan, email: pashkalawati@gmail.com (J. Nisar)

^hDepartment of Environmental Sciences, COMSATS University Islamabad, Vehari Campus, email: nasirmasood2004@gmail.com (N. Masood)

ⁱDepartment of Environmental Sciences, The University of Lahore, Lahore 53700, Pakistan, email: rab.nawaz@envs.uol.edu.pk (R. Nawaz)

^jDepartment of Physics, The University of Lahore, Lahore, Pakistan, email: muhammad.iftikhar@phys.uol.edu.pk (M.I. Khan)

Received 13 November 2019; Accepted 2 April 2020

ABSTRACT

This study focuses on the investigation of adsorptive behavior of Cu, Ni, and Zn ions by *Archontophoenix alexandrae* in single metal system (SMS), bi-metal system (BMS), and tri-metal system (TMS). This was done through a novel strategy by combining factorial design (FD), response surface methodology (RSM), and mixture design (MD). The adsorption study was carried out as a function of pH, contact time, and biomass dosage and validated through screening design. To improve adsorption capacities of metallic ions, RSM and MD involving central composite design and simplex lattice design were used. The experimental designs demonstrated the maximum adsorption capacity for Cu. The existence of Cu ions suppressed the adsorption of Ni and Zn ions. Langmuir isotherm model and the pseudo-second-order kinetic model best explain the adsorption kinetics of Cu(II), Ni(II), and Zn(II) metal ions on to *A. alexandrae*. The *A. alexandrae* could possibly be used as an efficient biosorbent for the removal of toxic pollutants from industrial effluents.

Keywords: Biosorption; King palm; Factorial design; Response surface methodology; Equilibrium modeling

* Corresponding authors.