



Initiation and inhibition of pitting corrosion on C-steel in oilfield-produced water under natural corrosion conditions

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Received 22 July 2021; Accepted 4 December 2021

ABSTRACT

The initiation and inhibition of the localized pitting corrosion on the C-steel surface in oilfield-produced water are investigated by pitting corrosion current measurements. The current-time curves are characterized by the appearance of an induction period, τ followed by a rapid rise in the pitting corrosion current till reaches the limiting value, I_L , due to propagation of pitting corrosion. The I_L value reaches $5.0 \mu\text{A cm}^{-2}$ in 99% diluted oilfield-produced water and $260 \mu\text{A cm}^{-2}$ in pure oilfield-produced water. The presence of HPO_4^{2-} , WO_4^{2-} , and MoO_4^{2-} anions suppresses the initiated current by elongation of the induction time, τ . Such anions acted as inhibitors towards the pitting corrosion of the C-steel. The inhibition efficiency, η , of the studied inhibitors increases in the following order: $\text{Na}_2\text{WO}_4 < \text{Na}_2\text{MoO}_4 < \text{Na}_2\text{HPO}_4$. The inhibition mechanism is assumed to take place through an adsorption process obeying Langmuir's model. The thermodynamic parameters for the adsorption process K_{ads} and $\Delta G_{\text{ads}}^\circ$ are calculated and discussed.

Keywords: Oilfield-produced water; C-steel; Pitting corrosion; Inorganic passivator; Adsorption

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